

## Thermia Solid Eco



## Optimum performance and low investment cost.

**Thermia Solid Eco** is the large capacity heat pump for those seeking optimum performance. You get a complete solution to cover basic needs that is perfectly suited to larger buildings, such as schools, churches, manors, business premises, sports halls etc., without the need for advanced extra functions.

Your Thermia Solid Eco can be easily upgraded to produce cooling too. This gives you a complete comfort system that provides a pleasant indoor climate all year round without the need for a separate cooler.

The newly developed cooling circuit with a more efficient compressor, new refrigerant and the latest generation of heat exchanger means that Solid Eco can work even more efficiently throughout the year. Hot gas exchangers as standard also give additional cost-effective production of hot water.

Classed as a hermetically sealed system, which means there is no requirement for a yearly inspection. Thermia Solid Eco can control two separate heating systems in the same building at the same time.

Using the Thermia Link and the Thermia Online optional feature, you can control your heat pump via the Internet. In the unlikely event that something needs rectifying, you will be alerted automatically via text message or e-mail.

The pump utilises rock, surface ground, ground water, lake water or recycled exhaust air as its heat sources.



## Technical data Solid Eco

## Connection

- 1 Coolant out (from HP)
- 2 Heat return (return line)
- 3 Return line hot-gas exchanger
- 4 Supply line hot-gas exchanger
- 5 Heat supply (supply line)
- 6 Coolant in (to HP)
- 7 Lead-in for communication cable
- 8 Lead-in for incoming power supply and sensors



Solid Eco			22	26	33	42
Refrigerant	Type Amount Test pressure Design pressure	kg MPa MPa	R410A 3.8 4.5 4.3	R410A 3.9 4.5 4.3	R410A 4.5 4.5 4.3	R410A 4.6 4.5 4.3
Compressor	Type Oil		Scroll POE	Scroll POE	Scroll POE	Scroll POE
Electrical data 3-N	Main supply Rated power, compressor Rated power, circulationpumps Start current Fuse	Volt kW kW A A	400 9.91 0.5 21.7 20	400 12.40 0.5 23.8 25	400 14.83 0.6 32.2 32	400 19.12 0.6 37.1 32
Performance	COP <sup>1</sup> Heating capacity <sup>1</sup> Electrical power <sup>1</sup>	kW kW	4.40 21.9 5.0	4.40 25.4 5.8	4.37 33.5 7.7	4.31 41.4 9.6
Nominal flow <sup>2</sup>	Cooling circuit <sup>3</sup> Heating circuit	l/s l/s	1.4 0.5	1.5 0.6	2.1 0.8	2.4 0.9
External available pressure drop <sup>4</sup>	Cooling circuit Heating circuit	kPa kPa	81 75	75 70	73 66	63 50
Internal pressure drop	Condenser Evaporator	kPa kPa	2.3 23.8	6.6 27.0	5.0 33.0	16.0 37.0
Maximum system pressure	Brine Heat transfer fluid	bar bar	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6
Min/max temperature <sup>5</sup>	Cooling circuit Heating circuit <sup>6</sup>	0° C	20/-10 65/20	20/-10 65/20	20/-10 65/20	20/-10 65/20
Pressure switches	Low pressure Operating High pressure	MPa MPa MPa	0.35 4.0 4.3	0.35 4.0 4.3	0.35 4.0 4.3	0.35 4.0 4.3
Sound power level <sup>7</sup>		dB (A)	<55.0	<55.2	<56.4	<56.0
Anti freeze media		Ethanol+water solution -17°C ± 28				
Weight		kg	225	241	262	271

The measurements are performed on a limited number of heat pumps which can cause variations in the results. Tolerances in the measuring methods can also cause variations.

1) B0/W35, According to EN14511 incl. circ.pump. 2) Nominal flow heating circuit  $\Delta 10 K$ , cooling circuit  $\Delta 3 K$ . 3) Anti-freeze in cooling circuit: Ethanol-water. 4) At nominal flow.

Please note that not all cooling circuit temperatures and heating temperatures can be combined.
Min. incoming cooling circuit temperature 0°C.
BO/W35, accordining to ISO 3741.
Always check local rules and regulations before using antifreeze.